

Increasing Sample Throughput in Ultra-trace Environmental Analysis with the TSQ-9610 GC- MS/MS

Andy Fornadel, PhD

Product Marketing Manager – Americas

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Agenda

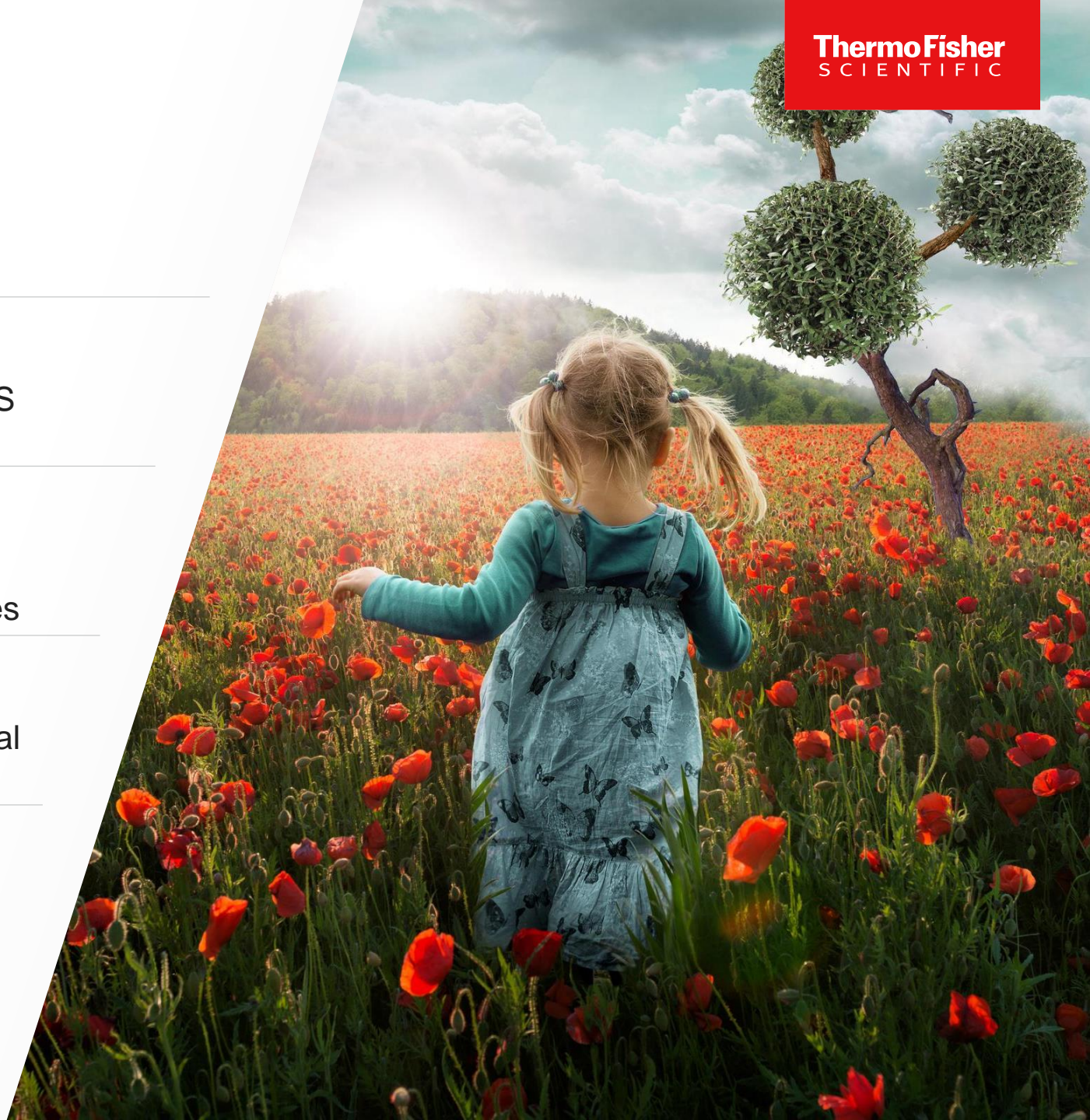
1 Introduction

2 Challenges associated with ultra-trace GC-MS/MS analysis in environmental samples

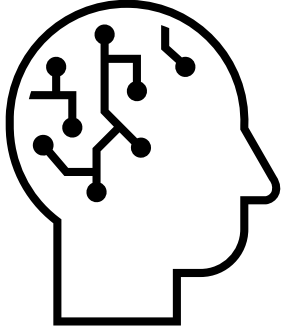
3 TSQ-9610 features to address analysis challenges

4 Applicability of TSQ-9610 to various environmental samples: PBDEs, "BOP", Chlorophenolics

5 Conclusions



Analytical Challenges in the Environmental Laboratory



Maximizing sample throughput, minimizing instrument downtime



Sensitivity, linearity, and applicability to multiple methods, analytical targets, and matrices



Ensuring repeatability and instrument robustness for compliance



Ease-of-use for both hardware and software

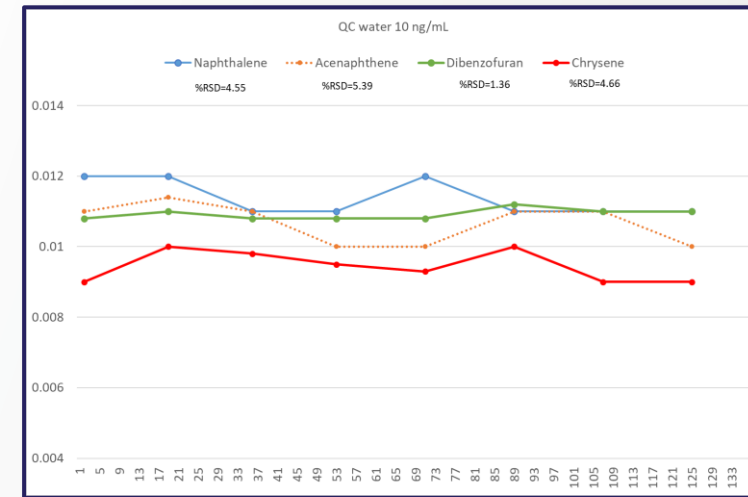
Increasing instrument uptime



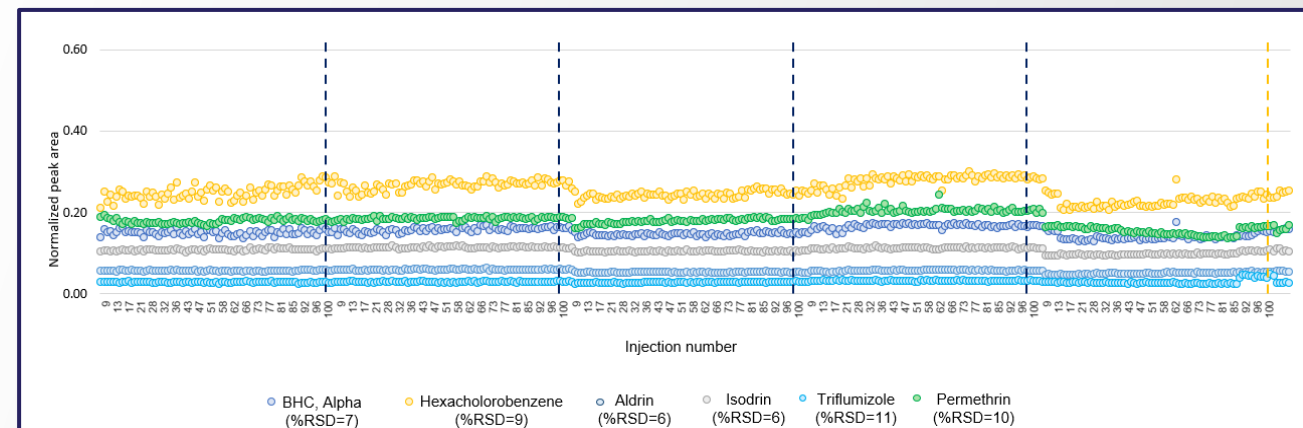
NeverVent™ Technology

- Thermo Scientific™ NeverVent™ technology allows analytical laboratories to perform maintenance without interrupting their workflow
- Remove and maintain ionization source without venting the mass analyzer
- Return to routine analysis in minutes

		Maintenance activity		
		Column change (hrs:mins)	Exchange ion source (hrs:mins)	Replace filaments (hrs:mins) (only available on NV-AEI)
Standard GC-MS	Requires vacuum system venting and pump down operations	4:35	4:00	4:00
NeverVent GC-MS	Venting and pump down not required	00:35	00:05	00:05
NeverVent time savings		87%	98%	98%



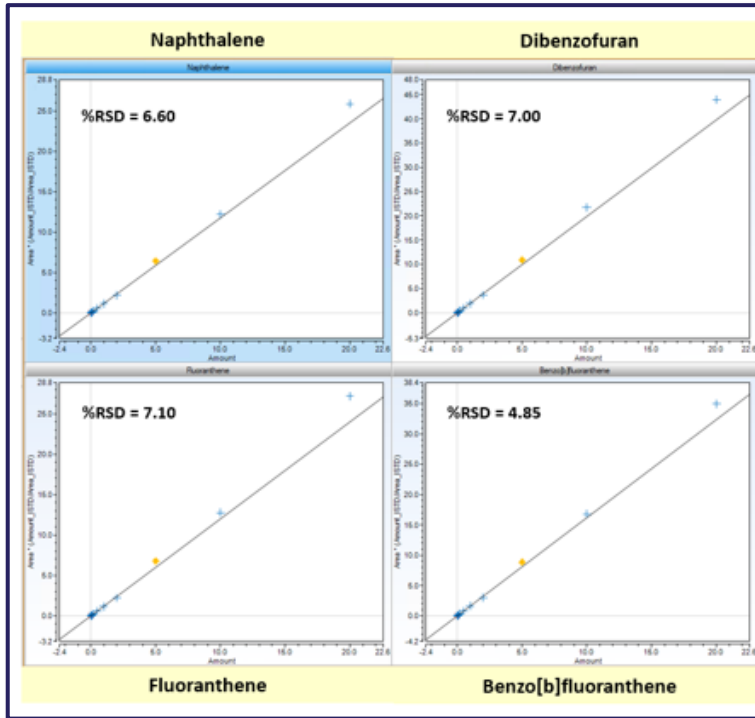
↑ Analysis of PAH in water at 0.01 ppm over 130 injections on ISQ-7610
 ↓ 500 injections of baby food matrix, monitoring pesticides at 10 ug/kg.



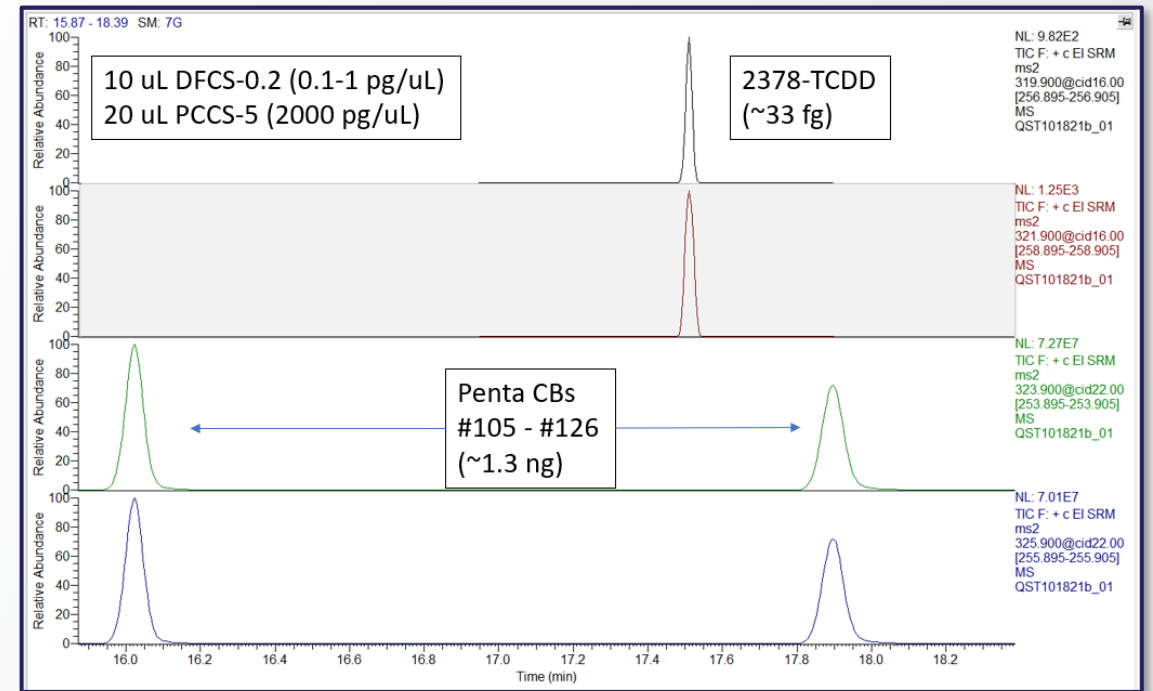
Maximizing sample throughput

Extended dynamic range and lifetime detector

- The XLXR detector provides extended dynamic range and lifetime allowing method consolidation and increased instrument uptime
- 7x increased detector lifespan



Linearity of PAH spans over 4 orders of magnitudes, from 2.5 to 20000 ng/mL



Analysis of trace concentrations of dioxins and high concentration PCBs in a single method using the TSQ 9610 AEI

Ensuring ease-of-use

Ready to use methods, optimization tools and instrument health

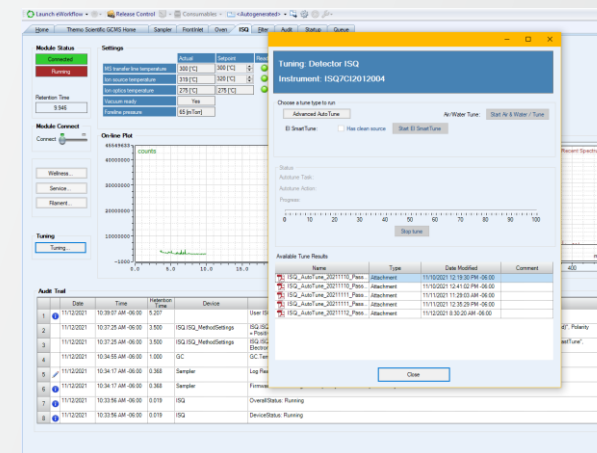
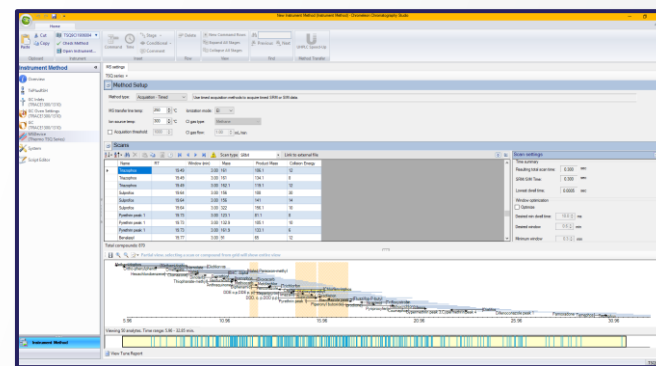
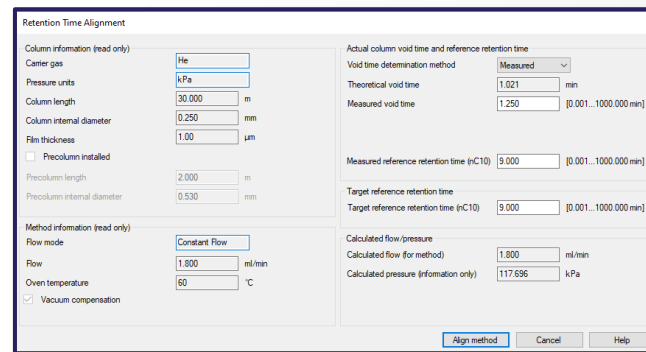
- Apps Lab provides methods that are ready to implement. Intelligent software tools allow methods to be optimized with ease. Instrument health enables real-time maintenance decisions to be made.



Instrument health records:

- Injections on current consumables
- Column health
- Filament lifetime
- Tuning status
- Detector lifetime

Gives user intelligent data to make maintenance decisions



In-sequence tuning for compliance

Intelligent software tools including retention time alignment and Time SRM for optimizing methods

TSQ 9610 GC-MS/MS summary



NeverVent technology

- Available with ExtractaBrite and AEI
- Increases instrument uptime

Off-axis ion guide pre-filter

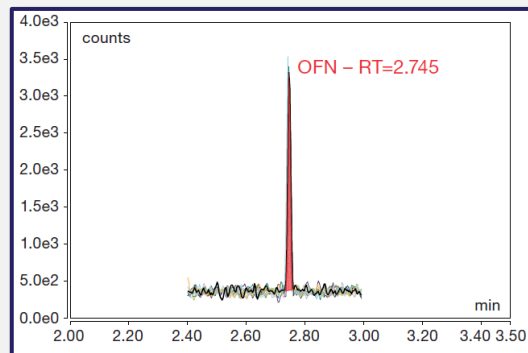
- Eliminates the neutral noise



Evo collision cell

- Allows analysis of more compounds
- Shortens runtimes without loss of signal

Class-leading sensitivity



8 x 1 fg on-column OFN injections with %RSD of 4.1%. IDL is 0.12 fg



XLXR detector as standard

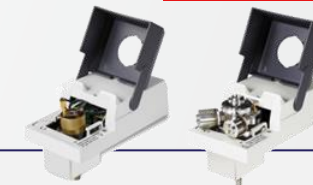
- Extended dynamic range (2X more than previous model)
- Extended lifetime (7X more than previous model)

TRACE 1600 GC series

- Unique modular injector and detector design
- Easy-to-use touchscreen with real-time instrument monitoring and video guides

Software productivity tools

- Compliant-ready software
- Instrument health



Application to Environmental Market

- Demonstrate utility of features for specific environmental analysis
- Collaborative effort between Pacific Rim Laboratories and Thermo Fisher Scientific
- Seek to expand utility of the TSQ-9610, consolidate methods, reduce analytical time to increase throughput



Pacific Rim Laboratories

ThermoFisher
SCIENTIFIC



- Based in Surrey, British Columbia, Canada
- 16 employees
- ISO 17025 CALA accredited
- Work with governments, regulatory agencies and corporations the require environmental tests down to ppq levels
- Global client base
- www.pacificrimlabs.com



CALA

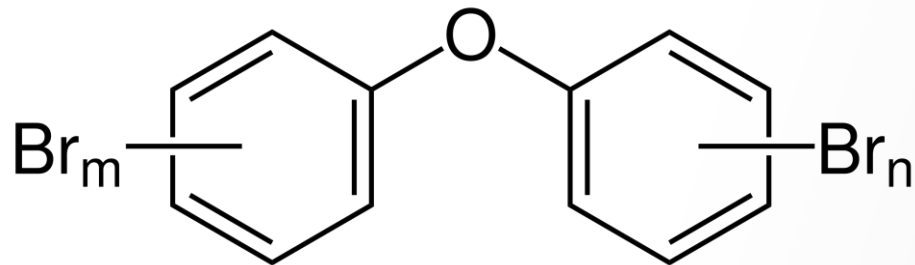
Canadian Association for
Laboratory Accreditation Inc.



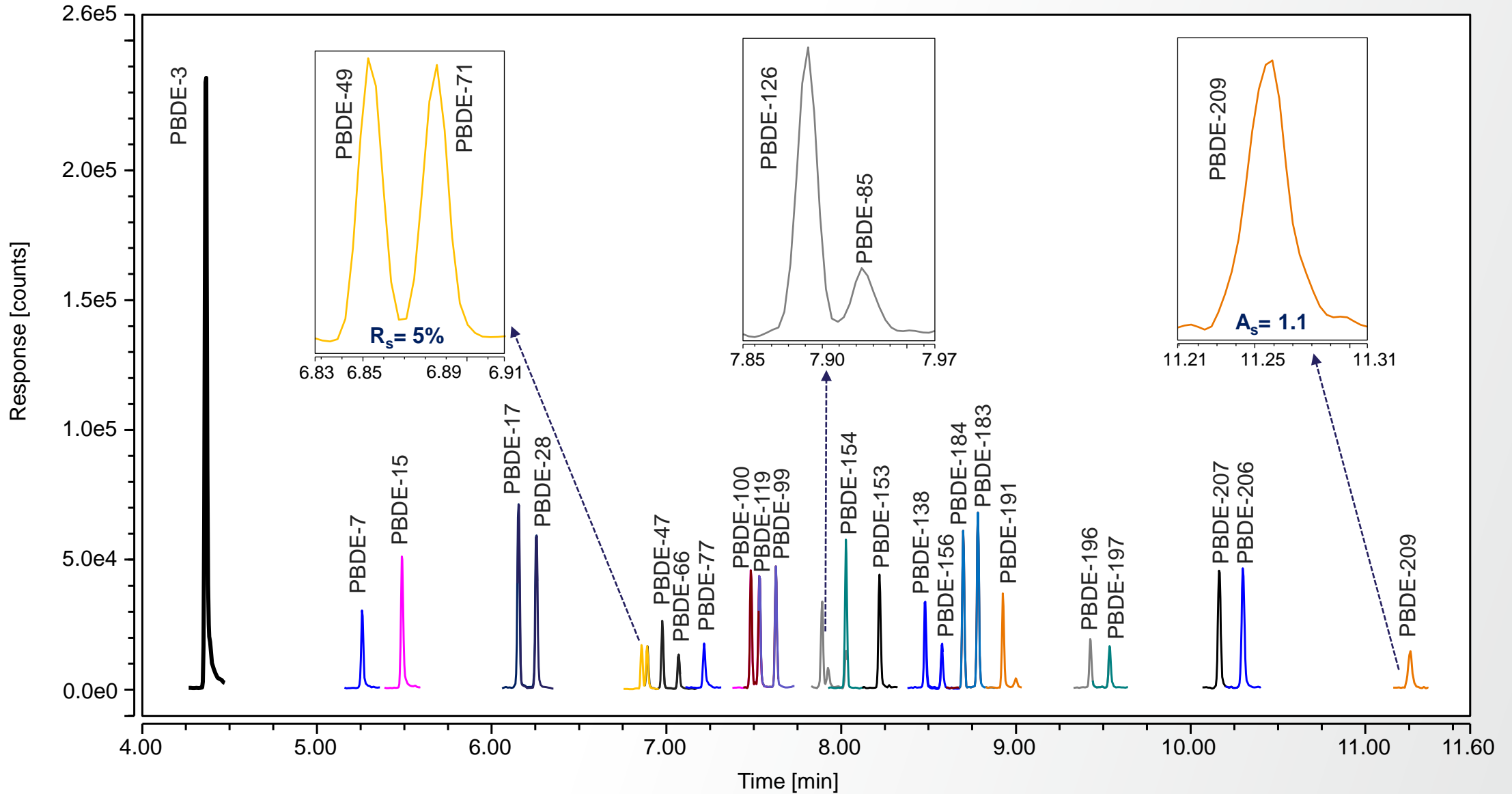
PACIFIC RIM
LABORATORIES INC

PBDEs

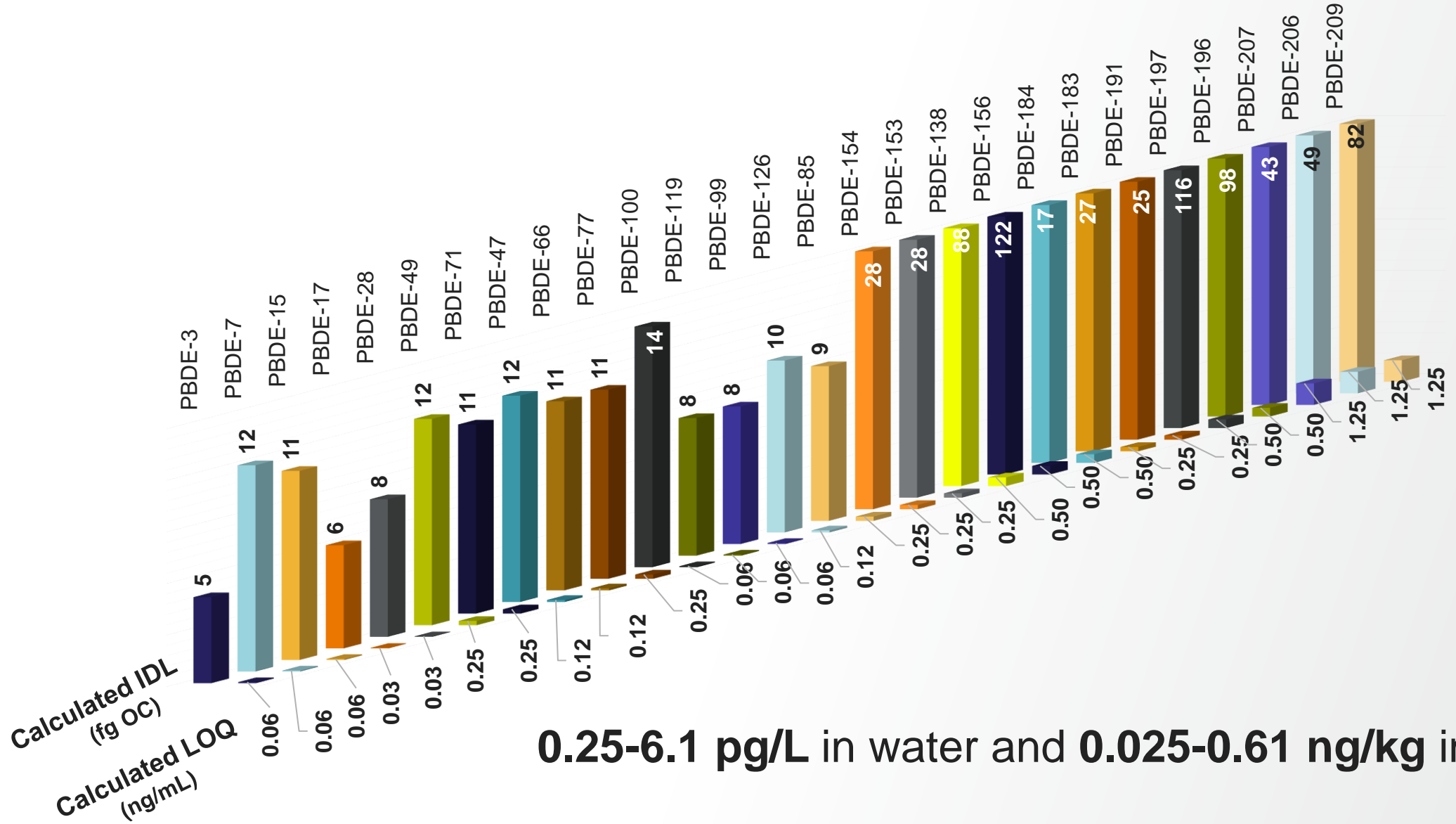
- Polybrominated diphenyl ethers
- Widely used as flame retardants in everything from electronics, foams, building materials, etc.
- Another POP under growing scrutiny – shown to reduce fertility in humans



PBDEs @ 1.0-5.0 ng/mL CS1 STD



Calculated IDL and LOQ

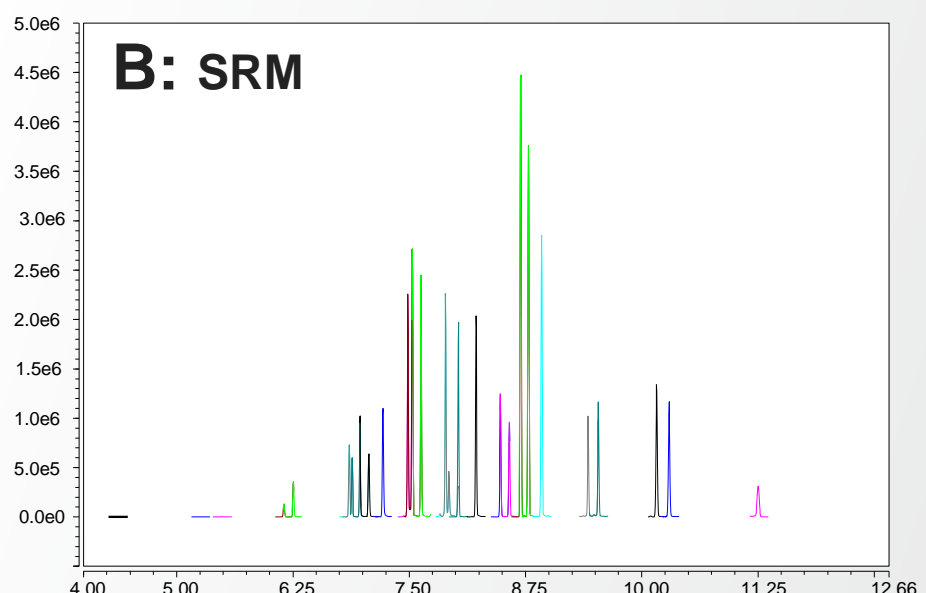
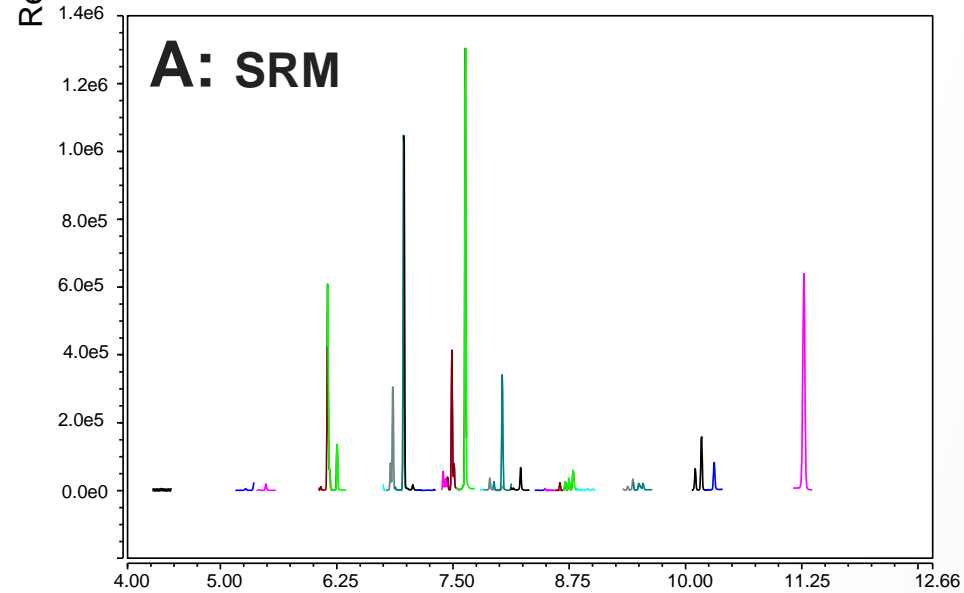
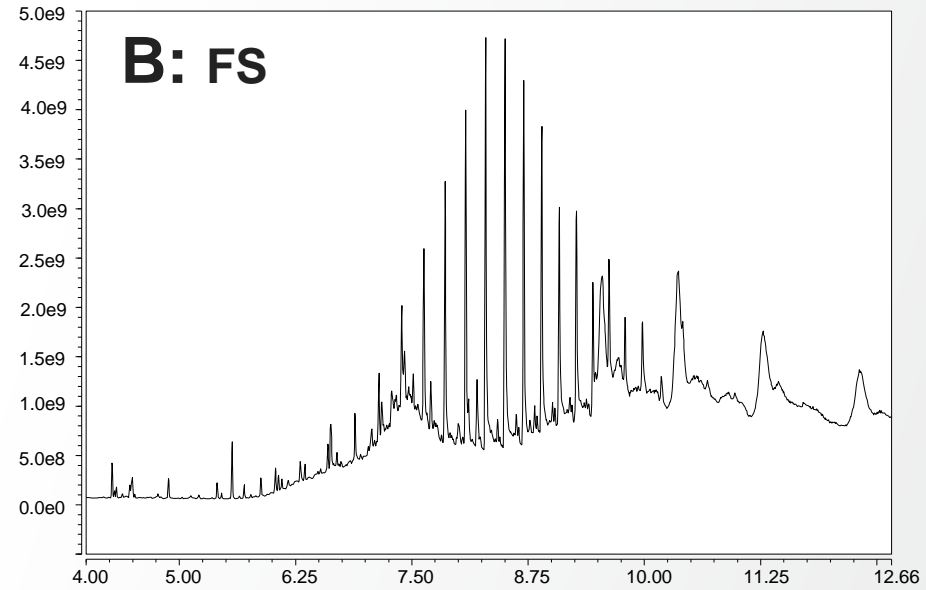
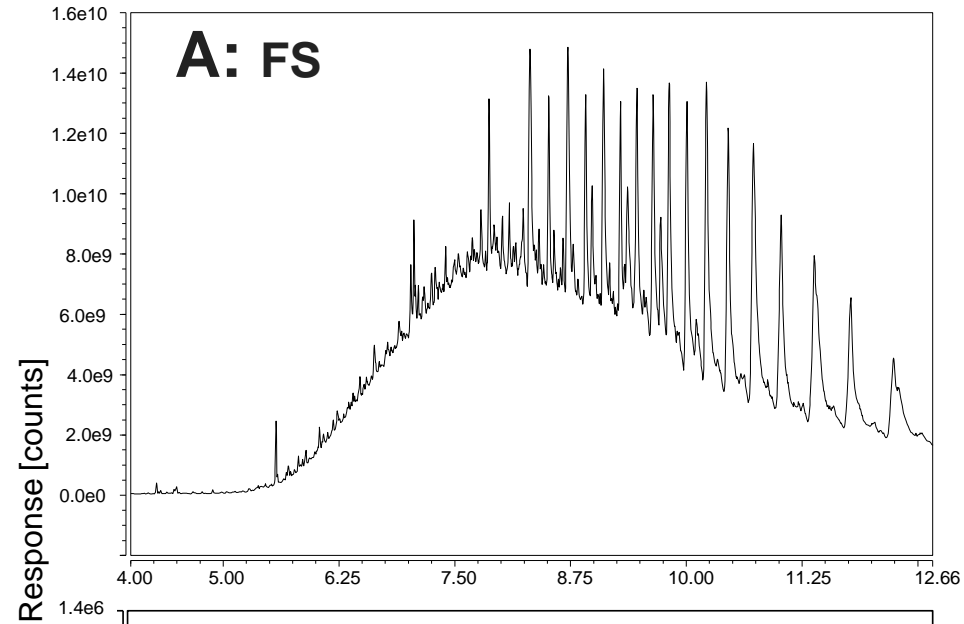


0.25-6.1 pg/L in water and 0.025-0.61 ng/kg in soil

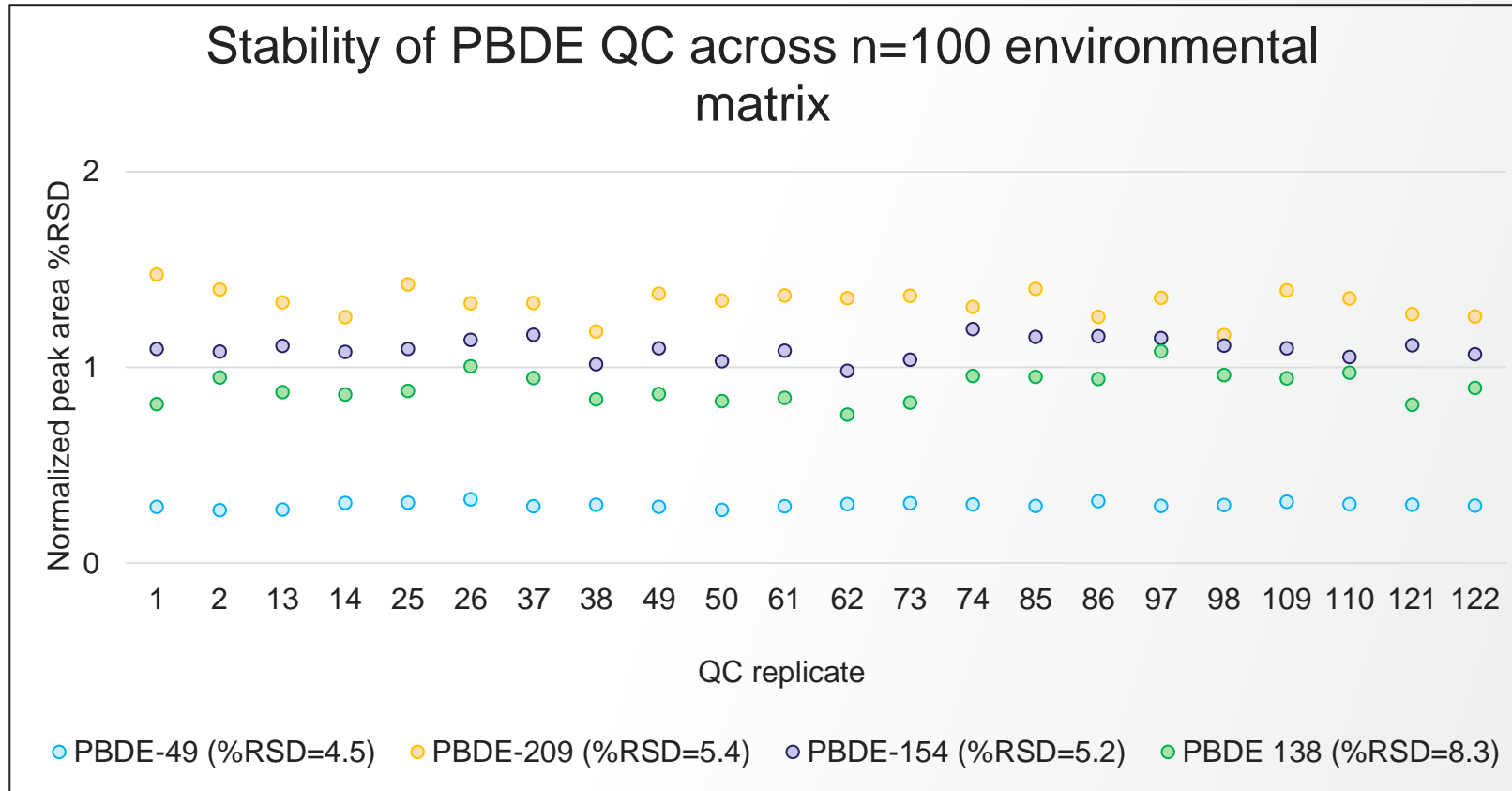
SRM for Matrix Interference Reduction

Soil/Sediment

Fish oil



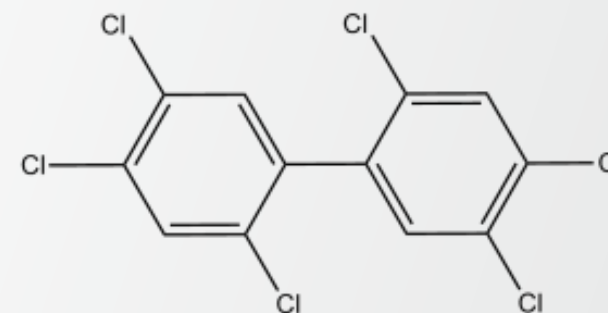
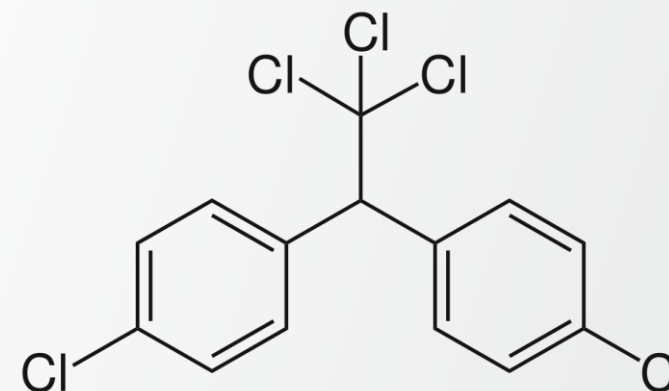
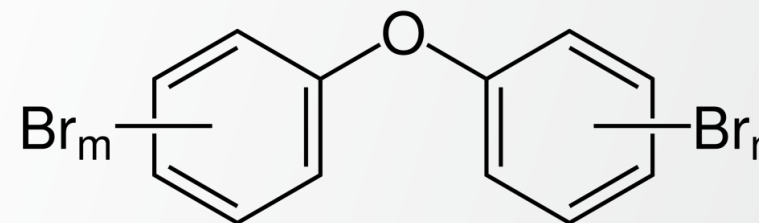
PBDE Stability



QC standard at 5.0 – 25.0 ng/mL every 10 samples to monitor stability

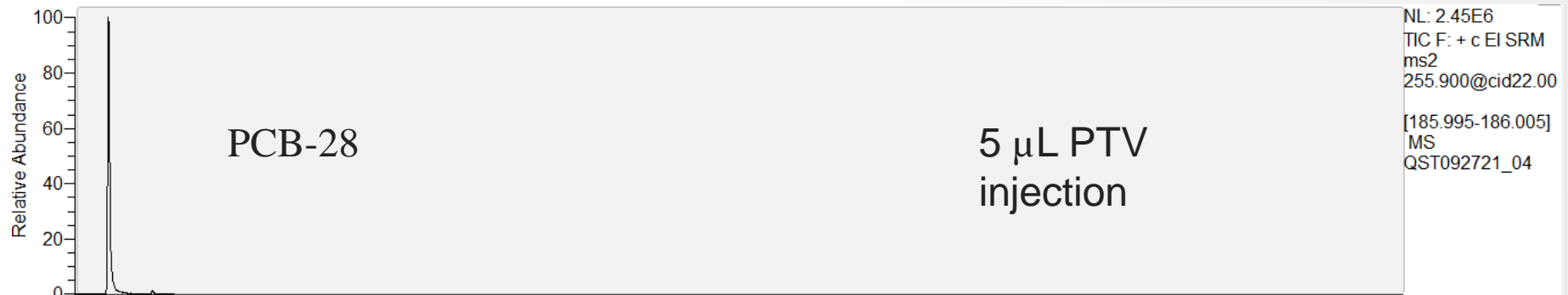
Consolidated “BOP” Method

- **BOP**
- **BDE** – Brominated diphenyl ethers
- **OCP** – Organochlorine Pesticides
- **mPCB** – Polychlorinated Biphenyls
- Series of contaminants commonly found in the same samples. Would be ideal to consolidate methods to increase throughput...

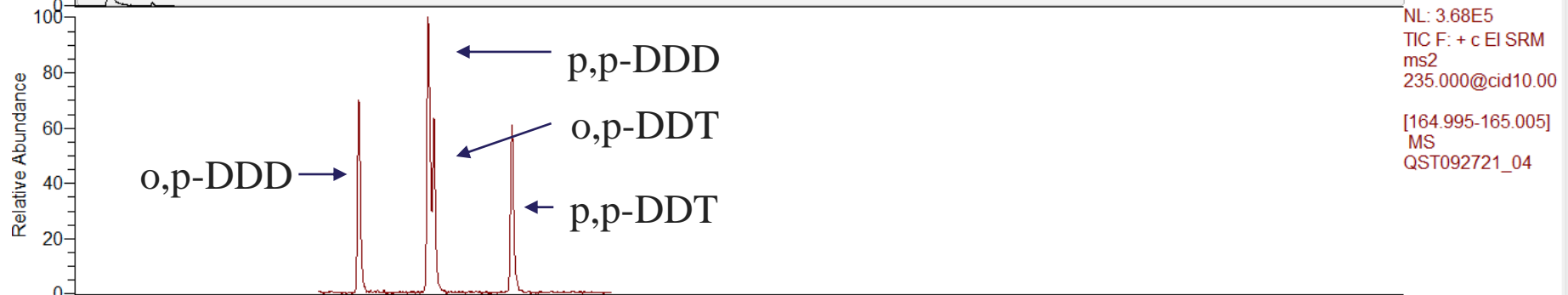


Consolidated "BOP" Method

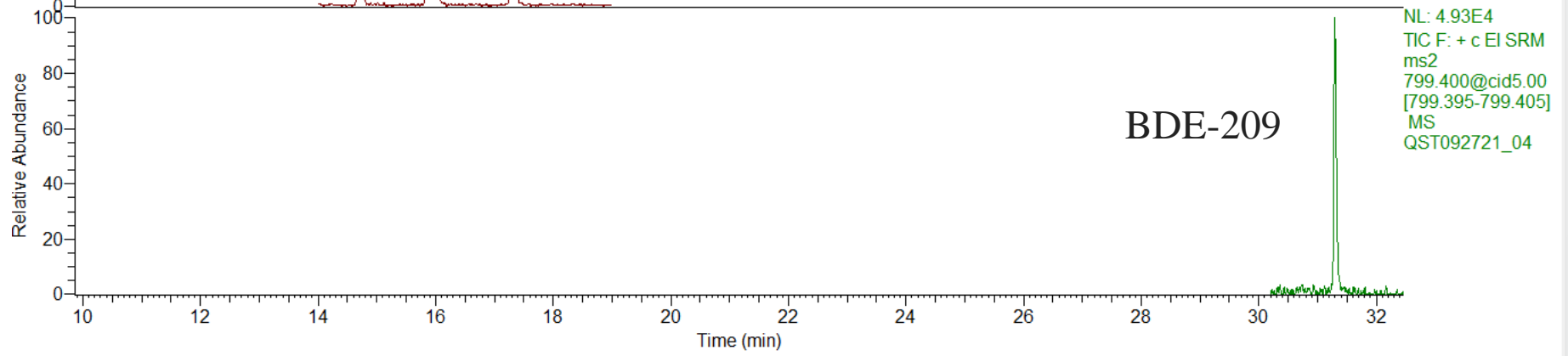
P



O



B



BOP Fish oil MDL & LOQ

Analyte	MDL	LOQ
	ng/g	ng/g
PCB 28	0.18	0.6
PCB 52	0.26	0.88
PCB 101	0.23	0.78
PCB 138	0.26	0.85
PCB 153	0.27	0.89
PCB 180	0.18	0.6

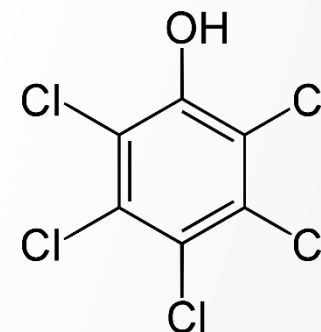
Analyte	MDL	LOQ
	ng/g	ng/g
Lindane (γ -HCH)	0.22	0.75
HCB	0.36	1.19
<i>o,p'</i> -DDE	0.27	0.92
<i>p,p'</i> -DDE	0.08	0.27
<i>o,p'</i> -DDD	0.19	0.62
<i>p,p'</i> -DDD	0.16	0.55
<i>o,p'</i> -DDT	0.16	0.53
<i>p,p'</i> -DDT	0.17	0.58
Aldrin	0.63	2.11
Dieldrin	0.86	2.88
Endrin	0.48	1.6

Analyte	MDL	LOQ
	ng/g	ng/g
BDE-17	0.08	0.26
BDE-28	0.1	0.33
BDE-49	0.15	0.5
BDE-47	0.19	0.62
BDE-66	0.19	0.63
BDE-77	0.14	0.48
BDE-100	0.17	0.57
BDE-99	0.27	0.92
BDE-85	0.27	0.91
BDE-154	0.08	0.28
BDE-153	0.13	0.44
BDE-138	0.16	0.52
BDE-183	0.2	0.66
BDE-209	0.75	2.52

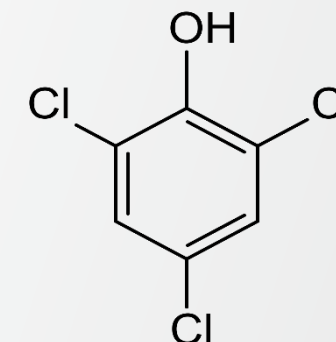
- LOQs are slightly higher in the combined method than those being run individually, but still within usable specification.

Chlorophenolic compounds

- Used in industrial manufacturing
- Ubiquitous in environment from pesticides, industrial waste, breakdown of other chlorinated compounds, and chlorination of phenols in water
- EPA 1653 used to regulate these, but little understanding of toxicity
- Extracted based on EPA 1653 – actually acetylated derivatives

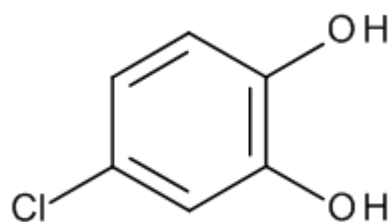


pentachlorophenol

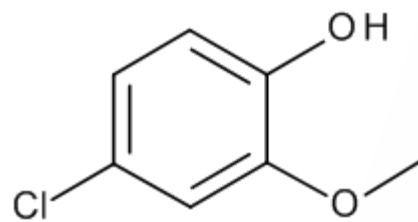


2,4,6-trichlorophenol

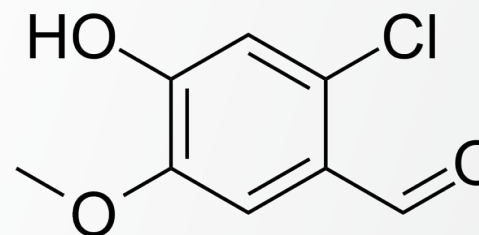
2 µg/L



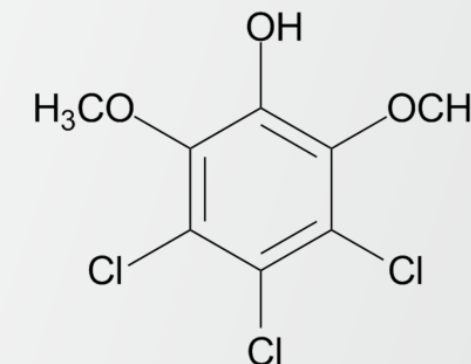
4-chlorocatechol



4-chloroguaiacol



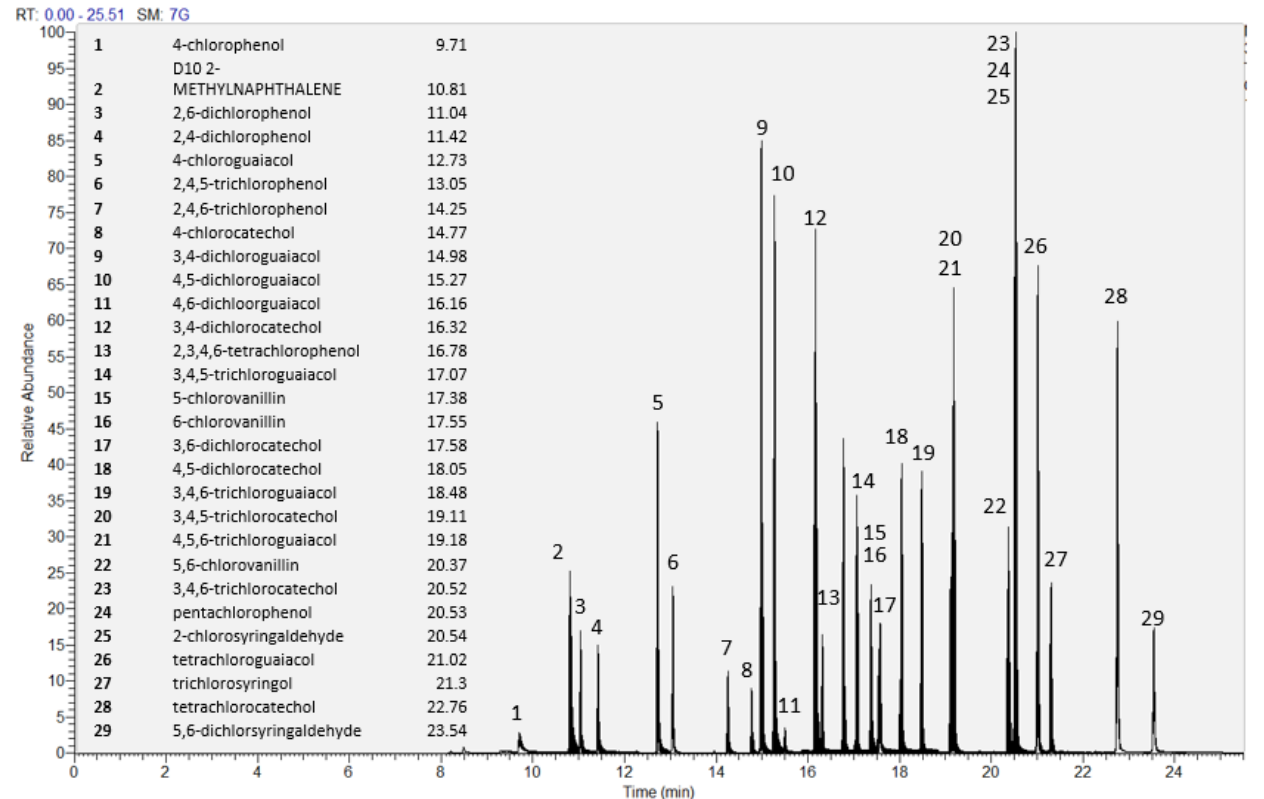
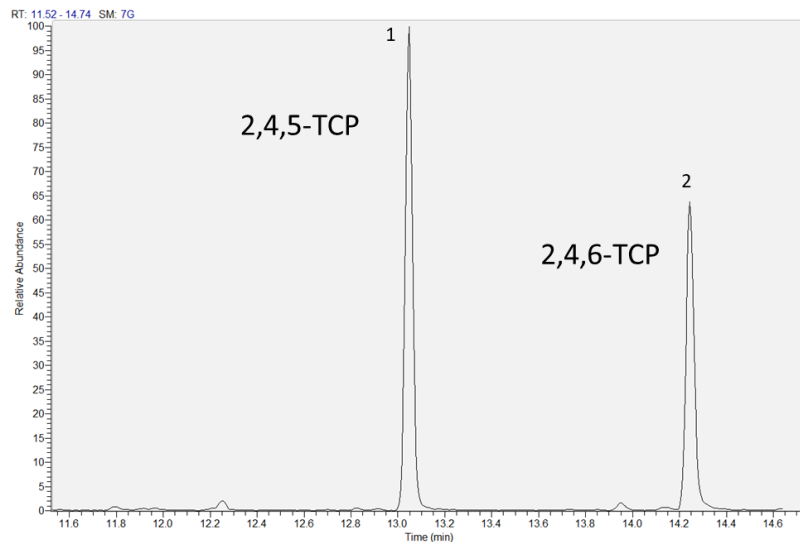
6-chlorovanillin



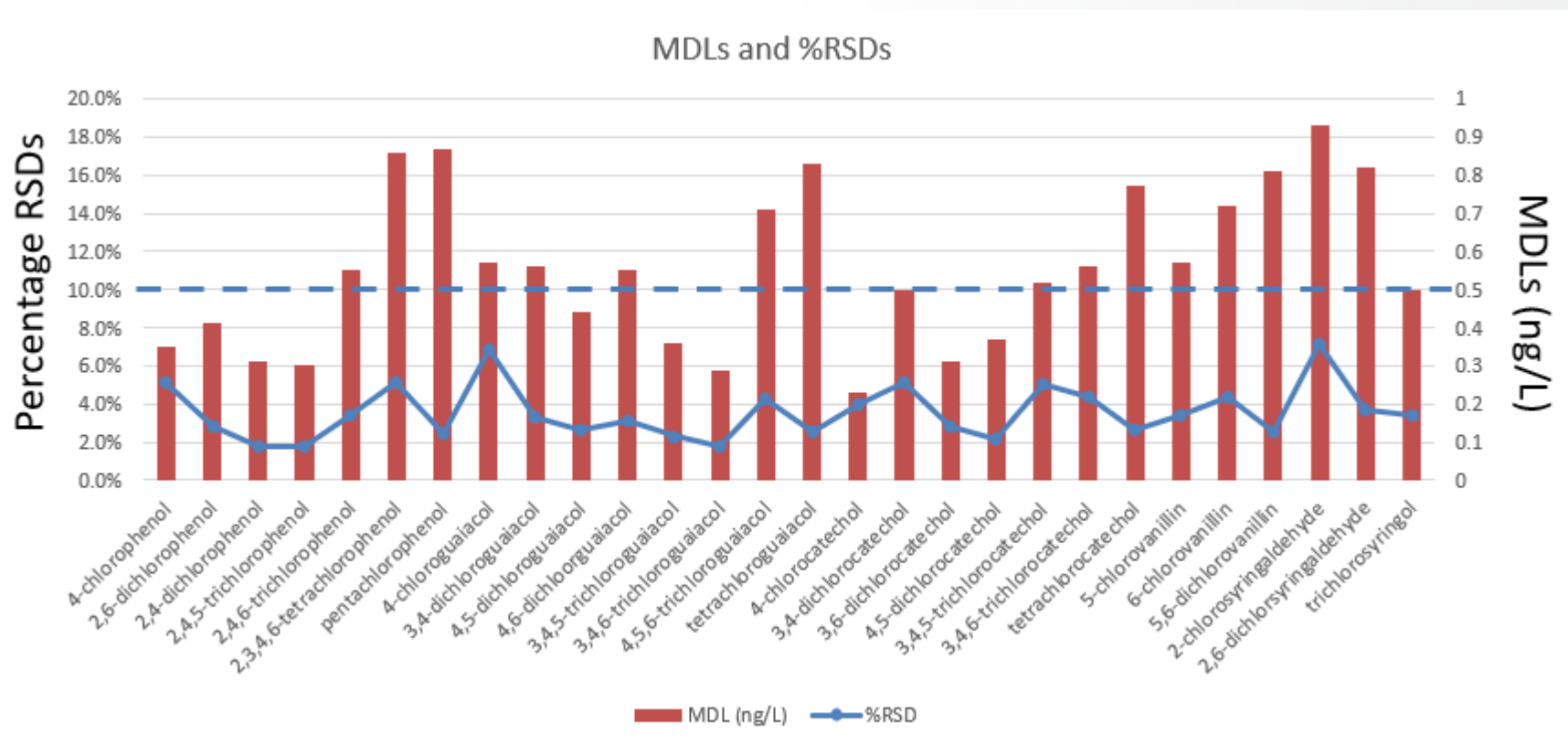
trichlorosyringol

Chlorophenolic compounds

- Chlorophenolics at 100-200 ng/mL
- 2,4,6 TCP is compound #7, well separated
- 2,4,6 and 2,4,5 TCP at 5 ng/L shown below



Chlorophenolic compounds



- 9 injections of spiked sample at 2.5-10 ng/L, 3x the std. deviation of results
- MDL for all compounds < 1 ng/L, regulatory guideline of 2 µg/L

The new TSQ-9610 GC-MS/MS offers a range of features aimed at addressing common laboratory challenges

- NeverVent technology with unique EI source
- XLXR Detector for extended life and dynamic range
- Software functionality for tuning and ease-of-use

The TSQ-9610 is well-suited to analysis of various environmental sample matrices and analytical targets, including:

- PBDEs
- A consolidated “BOP” method – easy transfer from HR-GCMS
- Chlorophenolics
- Others not presented here (PCBs, etc.)

Productivity is enhanced through method consolidation facilitated through ionization source efficiency and detector sensitivity, allowing analysis of compounds across a large range of concentrations in a single run.

- This allows for increased throughput

Acknowledgments



*Analytical work was completed in collaboration between Pacific Rim Laboratories (Surrey, BC)
and Thermo Fisher Scientific*

Thank you

