#### **Errata Notice**

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# # 10026 - Column Application Note Characterization of Poly(phenyl acetylene)

Polyphenyl acetylene (PPA) has well-spread electron clouds resulting in large values of linear as well as nonlinear susceptibility. These polymers can be modified easily by doping with other materials and/or attaching appropriate side groups to the main chain. PPA are also used to create carbo nanotubes (CNT).

**Experimental Setup** 

Tetrahydrofuran Mobile Phase: Stationary Phase: PSS SDV Flow rate [mL/min]: 1,00 Temperature [°C]: 25

Shodex-RI71 Detection:

Calibration: ReadyCal-Kit Poly(styrene)

Data processing: **PSS WinGPC** 

## **Recommandations for Sample Concentration**

narrow PDI

M 100 Da - 10 000 Da: 2 g/L 1-2 g/L M 10 000 Da - 1 000 000 Da:

M > 1 000 000 Da: 0.5 g/L or less

broad PDI (>1.5)

all molar masses: 3.0 - 5.0 g/L

Injection volume [µL]: 100

### Suitable Columns

low molecular weights: P/N 201-0001 (set of 3) OR sda083003lis (1 linear) P/N 201-0002 (set of 2) OR sda083005lim (1 linear) medium molecular weights: P/N 201-0003 (set of 3) OR sda083005lxl (1 linear) P/N 202-0001 (set of 3) high molecular weights:

ultrahigh molecular weights:

### **Elugram and Calibration** separation on PSS SDV

### **Molar Mass Distribution** separation on PSS SDV





