

# Increasing Efficiency of Method Validation for Metoclopramide HCl and Related Substances with Empower 3 MVM Software

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# **APPLICATION BENEFITS**

- Automated method validation workflow
- Reduced time to complete the steps required to test and document a validated method
- Compliance with regulations on data security, different user privileges, audit trails, data traceability, and electronic signature sign-off requirements

#### WATERS SOLUTIONS

ACQUITY<sup>™</sup> UPLC<sup>™</sup> H-Class PLUS System Empower<sup>™</sup> 3 Chromatography Data Software Empower 3 Method Validation Manager (MVM) ACQUITY UPLC Columns ACQUITY<sup>™</sup> ODa<sup>™</sup> Detector

#### **KEYWORDS**

UPLC, method validation, metoclopramide HCl, sub-2-µm particles, mass detection, ApexTrack<sup>™</sup> peak integration

# INTRODUCTION

Method validation, which demonstrates that a method is suitable for its intended purpose,<sup>1,2</sup> is an important regulatory requirement for pharmaceutical organizations and their supporting contract partners. A compliant laboratory must provide documented evidence and assurance that the analytical method used for testing a drug product's identity, quality, purity, and potency generates accurate and reliable results.

The validation process of an analytical method is a complex and demanding activity, consisting of many time-consuming steps. Some of these steps include creation of validation protocols, experimental work, reviewing and processing data, performing calculations, approving, and final reporting. Since some of these steps are prone to errors, a well-organized plan is essential for successful validation of an analytical method and to ensure that the appropriate regulations and guidelines are being followed.

Once validation is executed, adherence to the validation plan and specification is a critical compliance requirement. Any validation results not meeting the specifications must be clearly identified and addressed during the validation process. Raw and processed data must be appropriately stored and traceable by providing data security, audit trails, and automatic data documentation required for reviews and audits.

In this application note, we present validation of a UPLC method for metoclopramide HCl and related substances using Empower 3 Method Validation Manager (MVM), an option for Empower 3 Chromatography Data Software. We show how Empower 3 MVM tracked every step of the method validation process, identifying the steps and data that did not meet defined validation requirements. Overall, we demonstrate that Empower 3 MVM automates the method validation workflow within a single software environment, reducing time and ensuring conformance to the validation requirements and acceptance criteria defined in the protocol.



## **Method conditions**

Metho	od condi	tions						
LC sys	tem:		ACQUITY UPLC					
			H-	Class PLUS	6			
Colum	n:		ACQUITY UPLC CSH					
			$\rm C_{_{18}},$ 2.1 $\times$ 50 mm, 1.7 $\mu m$					
			(p/n <u>186005296</u> )					
Colum	n temp.:		45	°C				
Injecti	on volume	9:	1.0	μL				
Flow r	ate:		0.6	6 mL/min				
Solver	it A:		125	5 mM Formi	ic acid			
			in	water				
Solver	it B:		Wa	ater				
Solver	t C:		Me	ethanol				
Separa	ation:		Gr	adient				
<u>Step</u>	<u>Time</u> S	Solven	<u>t A</u>	Solvent B	Solvent C			
	( <u>min</u> )	<u>(%</u> )		( <u>%</u> )	<u>(%</u> )			
1	Initial	10		85.0	5.0			
2	5.0	10		30.0	60.0			
3	5.5	10		30.0	60.0			
4	5.6	10		85.0	5.0			
5	7.5	10		85.0	5.0			
Purge/	/Sample v	vash:	50:50 water/methanol					
Seal w	ash:		90:10 water/acetonitrile					
UV de	tector:		ACQUITY UPLC PDA					
UV set	ting:		210-400 nm					
			(derived at 270 nm)					
Mass of	detector:		ACQUITY QDa					
			(Extended Performance)					
Ionizat	ion mode	:	ESI+, ESI					
Acquis	sition rang	ge:	100-440 <i>m/z</i>					
Sampling rate:				10 pts/sec				
Data:			Ce	ntroid				
	n control,							
	cquisitior	١,	_	0.55				
and ar	alysis:			power 3 FF				
			UL	S Software	;			

# **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

# UPLC METHOD FOR METOCLOPRAMIDE HCL AND RELATED SUBSTANCES

The UPLC method validated in this study was developed using a systematic method development protocol.<sup>3</sup> An example of the UPLC chromatographic method for metoclopramide and related compounds is shown in Figure 1.

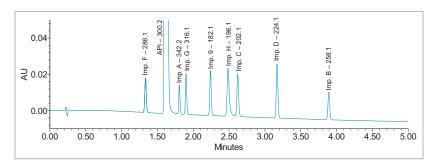


Figure 1. UPLC method for metoclopramide and related substances with UV at 270 nm.

#### **ABOUT EMPOWER 3 MVM**

Empower 3 Method Validation Manager (MVM) is software that automates the validation process and enables efficient validation of chromatographic methods to ensure compliance to the validation requirements defined by the analytical laboratory. As shown in Figure 2, a validation workflow consists of many steps. A validation protocol (Figure 3) is created and used to execute the study. Once executed, Empower 3 MVM checks data for adherence with the validation requirements and flags any results that do not meet specifications. Validation results can be displayed in a report using validation report templates specific for each test available in Empower MVM Software. The report templates can be customized as needed.

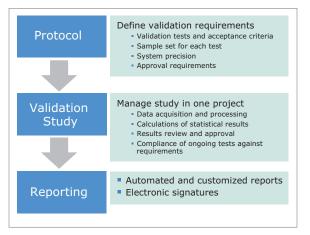


Figure 2. Workflow for validation of chromatographic methods with Empower 3 MVM.



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- Method Classification		-Method/Study Appro	velc.	
	Product	Validation Protoco		ann
		Vallualion F101000	n'Approval. – Jane Smith (Lab_Mane	igen
Analytical Method Type: Assa	ay line and a second seco			
Development Phase: Phas	se II			
Protocol Comments: Proto	ocol Template			
	\ \			
Validation Tests System Precision	n Approvals/Sign Offs			
Validation Tests System Precision	n   Approvals/Sign Offs			
1.	n Approvals/Sign Offs Test Description	Required	Test Status	
Validation Tests		Required	Test Status Sample Sets Incomplete	
Validation Tests	Test Description			
Validation Tests Test Name Linearity LDL/LQL Determination	Test Description	v	Sample Sets Incomplete	
Validation Tests           Test Name           Linearity	Test Description Linearity: 0.1 - 5.0 ug/mL Detection & Quantitation Limits		Sample Sets Incomplete Sample Sets Incomplete	
Validation Tests Test Name Linearity LDL/LQL Determination Accuracy	Test Description Linearity: 0.1 - 5.0 ug/mL Detection & Quantitation Limits %Recovery - spiked drug tablet	<b>v</b> <b>v</b> <b>v</b>	Sample Sets Incomplete Sample Sets Incomplete Sample Sets Incomplete	
Validation Tests Test Name Linearity LDL/LQL Determination Accuracy Repeatability	Test Description Linearity: 0.1 - 5.0 ug/mL Detection & Quantitation Limits %Recovery - spiked drug tablet 6 preps at 0.1% level	V           V           V           V           V	Sample Sets Incomplete Sample Sets Incomplete Sample Sets Incomplete Sample Sets Incomplete	

Figure 3. Validation protocol method created within Empower 3 MVM project. The validation tests, acceptance criteria for each validation test, and requirements for approval are defined in the validation protocol method. The validation protocol is approved by a lab manager via electronic signature.

## **METHOD VALIDATION**

We used an established validation protocol method approved by a lab manager (via electronic signatures) to execute the validation of our UPLC method for related substances of metoclopramide HCl in drug tablet formulation. The validation tests included linearity, detection and quantitation limits, accuracy, repeatability, intermediate precision, specificity, and robustness. System precision was evaluated for each validation test using five replicate injections of the sample, as recommended in the USP General Chapter <621> on Chromatography.<sup>4</sup> The system precision criteria include:

- %RSD of retention times: ≤1.0%
- %RSD of peak areas: ≤2.0%
- USP resolution: ≥1.5
- Peak tailing: ≤1.5

#### 1. Linearity

Method linearity for related substances was evaluated by analyzing seven concentrations of standard solutions ranging from 0.1 to 5.0 µg/mL. These concentrations corresponded to 0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, and 1.0% of the metoclopramide HCl target concentration of 0.5 mg/mL. We used Empower 3 MVM to calculate regression equation and correlation coefficients for a plot of average peak areas against the concentrations. Method linearity results generated by the software are displayed in Figure 4. The method shows linear relationship between the peak areas and concentrations for all related compounds with the correlation coefficients (r<sup>2</sup>) greater than 0.999.



	mpowe	er 3 Va	alidation	n <b>_Lineari</b> Protocol II Study Id:		ch1 270n	m@4.8n	m		
	Comp.	Points /Lev el	X Value	Y Value	Equation	R	R^2	Intercept	Residual % RSD	Pass?
1	Imp. F	3	Amount	Response	Y = 5.40e+003 X - 1.69e+002	0.99983	0.99966	-169	1.82	Pass
2	Imp. A	3	Amount	Response	Y = 3.85e+003 X + 1.09e+002	0.99980	0.99959	109	1.93	Pass
3	Imp. G	3	Amount	Response	Y = 5.15e+003 X - 6.84e+001	0.99983	0.99966	-68	1.80	Pass
4	Imp. 9	3	Amount	Response	Y = 7.09e+003 X - 1.17e+002	0.99985	0.99969	-117	1.72	Pass
5	Imp. H	3	Amount	Response	Y = 9.99e+003 X - 3.93e+002	0.99980	0.99961	-393	1.96	Pass
6	Imp. C	3	Amount	Response	Y = 7.19e+003 X - 3.45e+001	0.99980	0.99960	-34	1.96	Pass
7	Imp. D	3	Amount	Response	Y = 8.93e+003 X - 1.72e+002	0.99987	0.99975	-172	1.56	Pass
8	Imp. B	3	Amount	Response	Y = 5.17e+003 X - 4.57e+001	0.99980	0.99961	-46	1.93	Pass
		Area	20000.0	8 <sup>6</sup> -8	đ		Ø			
			0.0	0	1.00 2.00	3.00	4.0	0	5.00	
					Amount			<b>D</b> , <b>0</b> , 0, 0		
			— Com	ponent Im	p. F; Equation Y = 5.40e+00	J3 X - 1.6	59e+002	; R^2 0.99	99661	

Figure 4. Method linearity results for metoclopramide related substances generated by Empower 3 MVM software.

#### 2. Detection and quantitation limits

We determined the lowest detection and quantitation limits (LDL and LQL) based on the USP signal-tonoise criteria of 3:1 and 10:1, respectively. In addition to signal-to-noise, other methods for LDL and LQL determination are available within Empower 3 MVM, such as based on linearity curve residual standard deviation and linearity curve intercept standard deviation.

As shown in Figure 5, the LDL and LQL for related substances ranged from 0.03 to 0.07  $\mu$ g/mL and from 0.1 to 0.2  $\mu$ g/mL, respectively.

E	Empower*3	Valida	ation_LDL_LQL tion Protocol ID: tion Study Id: 2434	4363 4 Channel:	PDA Ch1 27	0nm@4.8nm	
			LOD	LOQ Results			
	Component	RT Mean (min)	LDL/LQL Method	Signal/Noise Type	Lowest Detection Limit	Lowest Quantitation Limit	Units
1	Imp. F	1.304	Signal to Noise	USP s/n	0.0508	0.154	ug/mL
2	Imp. A	1.782	Signal to Noise	USP s/n	0.0626	0.190	ug/mL
3	Imp. G	1.876	Signal to Noise	USP s/n	0.0448	0.136	ug/mL
4	Imp. 9	2.216	Signal to Noise	USP s/n	0.0397	0.120	ug/mL
5	Imp. H	2.459	Signal to Noise	USP s/n	0.0443	0.134	ug/mL
6	Imp. C	2.598	Signal to Noise	USP s/n	0.0460	0.139	ug/mL
7	Imp. D	3.153	Signal to Noise	USP s/n	0.0345	0.105	ug/mL
8	Imp. B	3.884	Signal to Noise	USP s/n	0.0647	0.196	ug/mL

Figure 5. Lowest detection and quantitation concentrations determined using USP signal-to-noise criteria.



We then validated the results by analyzing six replicate injections of the solutions prepared near the LDL (0.05  $\mu$ g/mL) and LQL (0.1  $\mu$ g/mL) to verify the performance, Figure 6. The LDL and LQL replicates tested in this study exceeded the USP signal-to-noise criteria.

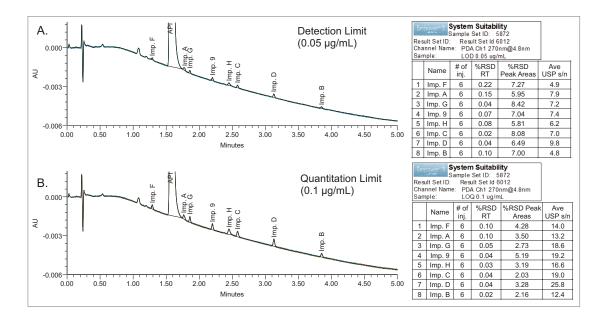


Figure 6. Overlay of six replicate injections of LDL and LQL solutions. The ApexTrack enabled consistent integration of all the peaks. A. All components exceeded signal-to-noise criteria of

3:1 for detection. B. All components exceeded signal-to-noise criteria of 10:1 for quantitation.

# 3. Accuracy

The accuracy of an analytical method includes quantitative determination of impurities in the presence of sample matrix components. Accuracy of our method was assessed by analyzing triplicate preparations of the drug tablet solutions spiked with related substances at 0.1, 0.5, and 1.0% levels in the presence of metoclopramide HCl concentration of 0.5 mg/mL. Accuracy results are summarized in Figure 7. The % recovery for all nine determinations ranged from 97 to 101% with %RSD  $\leq$ 4.21%, which passes the acceptance criteria of 90–110% and %RSD  $\leq$ 10%, respectively.

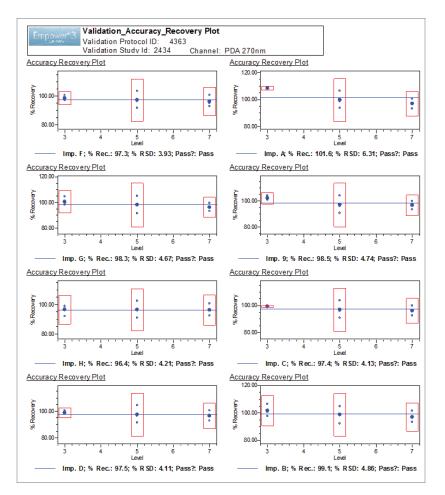


Figure 7. Accuracy results generated by Empower 3 MVM. Summary of 9 determination, 3 preparation at each levels: 0.1%, 0.5%, and 1.0%.



# 4. Repeatability

Method repeatability is a quantitative analysis of impurities from six independent preparations of the drug product by a single analyst. Repeatability of our method was demonstrated by spiking drug tablet sample solution with related substances at 0.1% level with respect to the metoclopramide HCI (API) concentration of 0.5 mg/mL. Repeatability results generated by analyst A (Figure 8) met the criteria for % recovery of 100  $\pm$ 10% and %RSD  $\leq$ 10%.

# 5. Intermediate precision

Intermediate precision was evaluated by a different analyst, on a different day, using different instrument and column. Summary of results from six individual spiked drug tablet sample preparations generated by analysts A and B are shown in Figure 8. Overall, the intermediate precision results met the criteria for % recovery of 100  $\pm$ 10% and %RSD  $\leq$ 10%.

	mpower 3	24 C	ation Protoc		ate Precisio 4363											
		Valid	ation Study	ld: 243	4 Chan	nel: P	DA 270ni	n								
		Compo	onent: Imp. F \	/alidatior	n Result Id: 437	71					Compo	onent: Imp. H	/alidation	n Result Id: 436	67	
	Component	RT Mean (min)	Experiment Group	Points	%Recovery Mean	Std. Dev.	%RSD of %Rec.		(	Component	RT Mean (min)	Experiment Group	Points	%Recovery Mean	Std. Dev.	%RSD of %Rec.
1	Imp. F	1.341	Analy st A	6	95.7	3.35	3.50		1	Imp. H	2.491	Analy st A	6	94.8	3.37	3.56
2	Imp. F	1.341	Analy st B	6	94.1	2.61	2.77	1	2	Imp. H	2.526	Analy st B	6	93.0	2.09	2.24
		Compo	onent: Imp. A \	/alidatior	n Result Id: 436	54		_			Compo	onent: Imp. C \	/alidation	n Result Id: 436	58	
	Component	RT Mean (min)	Experiment Group	Points	%Recovery Mean	Std. Dev.	%RSD of %Rec.		(	Component	RT Mean (min)	Experiment Group	Points	%Recovery Mean	Std. Dev.	%RSD of %Rec.
1	Imp. A	1.811	Analy st A	6	106.6	2.28	2.14		1	Imp. C	2.623	Analy st A	6	99.0	0.62	0.63
2	Imp. A	1.839	Analy st B	6	106.5	1.09	1.02	1	2	Imp. C	2.658	Analy st B	6	94.9	2.03	2.14
		Compo	onent: Imp. G \	/alidatior	n Result Id: 436	65		_			Compo	nent: Imp. D \	/alidation	n Result Id: 436	i9	
	Component	RT Mean (min)	Experiment Group	Points	%Recovery Mean	Std. Dev.	%RSD of %Rec.		(	Component	RT Mean (min)	Ex periment Group	Points	%Recovery Mean	Std. Dev.	%RSD of %Rec.
1	Imp. G	1.904	Analy st A	6	98.5	3.19	3.24		1	Imp. D	3.170	Analy st A	6	98.2	1.35	1.38
2	Imp. G	1.931	Analy st B	6	96.6	2.34	2.42	1	2	Imp. D	3.218	Analy st B	6	94.9	2.31	2.43
		Compo	onent: Imp. 9 \	alidation	Result Id: 436	6		_			Compo	onent: Imp. B V	alidation/	n Result Id: 437	0	
	Component	RT Mean (min)	Experiment Group	Points	%Recovery Mean	Std. Dev.	%RSD of %Rec.		(	Component	RT Mean (min)	Ex periment Group	Points	%Recovery Mean	Std. Dev.	%RSD of %Rec.
1	Imp. 9	2.244	Analy st A	6	98.9	3.73	3.77		1	Imp. B	3.890	Analy st A	6	101.3	3.33	3.29
2	Imp. 9	2.270	Analy st B	6	95.0	2.04	2.14	1	2	Imp. B	3.952	Analy st B	6	95.8	1.04	1.09

Figure 8. Repeatability (analyst A) and intermediate precision (analysts A and B results generated by Empower 3 MVM.

# 6. Specificity

For the impurity test, specificity demonstrates that impurities can be separated and accurately measured in the presence of the sample matrix. This is typically done by spiking a drug substance or drug product with appropriate levels of impurities. In addition to demonstrating robust and reliable separation, it is important to identify that the desired components are not subject to interference with other species present in the sample. The UV peak purity determination is often used to show homogeneity of the chromatographic peak.

Specificity of our method was demonstrated by spiking drug tablet samples containing 0.5 mg/mL of metoclopramide HCl with related substances at 0.1% level. Accuracy and repeatability results show acceptable recoveries of each related substance. To demonstrate that the related substances are not coeluting with other components of the sample matrix, we used UV in conjunction with the MS spectral data as shown in Figure 9. Peak homogeneity was assessed using UV peak purity plot (Figure 9B). The peak purity angle is below the threshold angle, indicating the Impurity A peak is spectrally homogeneous. The mass spectral data provided additional information at the leading, apex, and tailing regions of the peak to confirm that only one mass is detected under the UV peak. The MS spectrum (Figure 9C) at the leading and tailing edge of the peak indicates the presence of an ion with mass of 342.0 *m/z*, which is specific to Impurity A. Overall, the UV peak purity plot and the MS spectrum shows that Impurity A is not coeluting with other peaks.



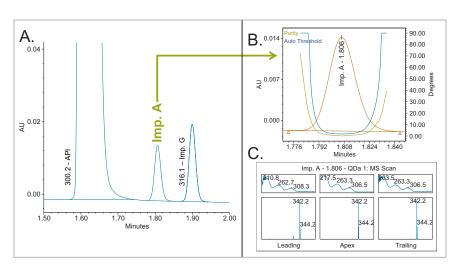


Figure 9. Peak homogeneity determination for specificity.

A. Accuracy sample with UV at 270 nm.

B. Peak purity plot of Impurity A.

C. UV and Mass profile of an Impurity A at the leading, apex, and tailing edge of the peak.

# 7. Robustness

Robustness is determined by the ability of the method to remain unaffected by the changes of chromatographic parameters. The parameters assessed in our study included:

- Column temperature: 45 ± 2.0 °C
- Flow rate: 0.6 ± 0.05 mL/min
- Wavelength: 270 ± 2 nm

Robustness was performed using a full factorial experimental design to investigate combination of different instrument conditions on the resolution between all the peaks, with a goal of achieving a minimum resolution of  $\geq$ 2.0 for each peak. The robustness results in Figure 10 showed that the method met the criteria for resolution.

E	mpower	Validatio	n Prot	bustness F pcolID: 43 yId: 2434	63	DA Ch1	270nm@4.8	nm	
				Assessed	Field: USP Re	soluti	on		
	Validation Result Id	Component	RT Mean (min)	Mean Rs	Lower Limit of Mean Rs	Upper Limit of Mean Rs	Pass /Fail		
1	3621	API	1.535	8	USP Resolution	5.1	5.0	5.1	Pass
2	3607	Imp. A	1.740	8	USP Resolution	4.2	4.0	4.3	Pass
3	3609	Imp. G	1.836	8	USP Resolution	2.8	2.6	3.1	Pass
4	3611	Imp. 9	2.191	8	USP Resolution	9.6	9.3	10.0	Pass
5	3613	Imp. H	2.442	8	USP Resolution	5.2	4.7	5.7	Pass
6	3615	Imp. C	2.574	8	USP Resolution	2.6	2.3	2.9	Pass
7	3617	Imp. D	3.123	8	USP Resolution	12.3	11.9	12.6	Pass
8	3619	Imp. B	3.847	8	USP Resolution	16.0	15.5	16.5	Pass

Figure 10. Robustness results. Resolution for each component was  $\geq$ 2.0.

## CONCLUSIONS

We successfully validated the UPLC method for related substances of metoclopramide HCl for linearity, detection and quantitation limits, accuracy, repeatability, intermediate precision, specificity, and robustness using Empower 3 MVM. Validation results showed that the method is linear, accurate, repeatable, precise, specific, and robust for all related substances tested in this study. The quantitation limit of all related compounds was below the reporting threshold of 0.1% or 0.5  $\mu$ g/mL.

Empower 3 MVM software streamlined the entire validation process, from creating a validation protocol method to acquiring, reviewing, analyzing, approving, and reporting validation data. In addition, the software provided status of each validation test in a study and whether the results met the acceptance criteria, and flagged any out-of-specification results. Using ApexTrack for automated peak integration enabled consistent integration of all peaks during the validation process. Using the ACQUITY QDa Detector for mass detection in conjunction with UV detection enabled quick determination of peak purity using mass and UV spectral data. Finally, the validation results and validation study were reviewed and approved via electronic signatures.

Empower 3 MVM is compliant-ready software that can be easily adapted by any analytical laboratory to improve efficiency of the chromatographic method validation process and to ensure conformance to validation requirements.

#### References

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